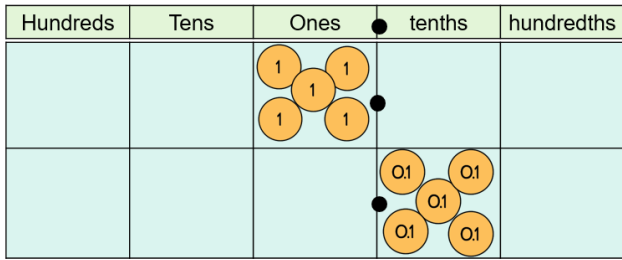


WORKED EXAMPLE

Describe the relationships between the counters.

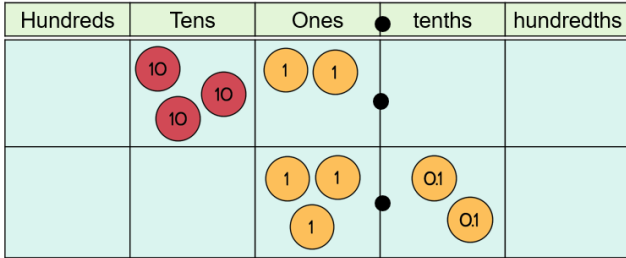


There are 5 ones and 5 tenths.

$5 \text{ ones} \div 10 = 5 \text{ tenths.}$

This is 0.5 as a decimal or $\frac{5}{10}$ as a fraction.

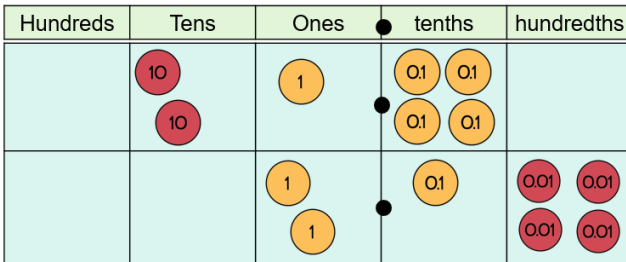
$5 \div 10 = 0.5$ $0.5 \times 10 = 5$



The value shown on the top row is 32

The value shown on the bottom row is 3.2

$32 \div 10 = 3.2$ $3.2 \times 10 = 32$

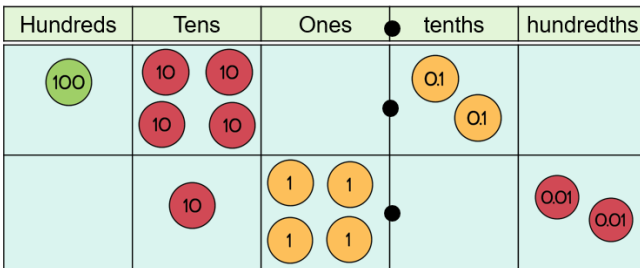


The value shown on the top row is 21.4

The value shown on the bottom row is 2.14

$21.4 \div 10 = 2.14$ $2.14 \times 10 = 21.4$

Draw the counters to show this number divided by 10.

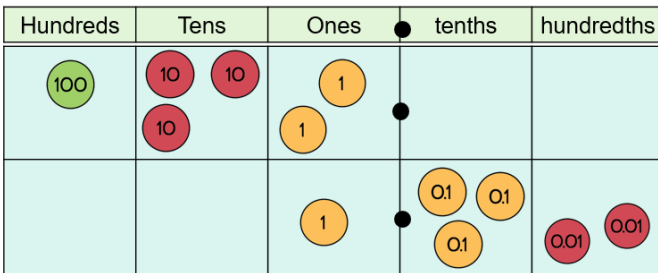


The value shown on the top row is 140.2

The value shown on the bottom row is 14.02

$140.2 \div 10 = 14.02$ $14.02 \times 10 = 140.2$

Draw the counters to show this number divided by 100.



The value shown on the top row is 132

The value shown on the bottom row is 1.32

$132 \div 100 = 1.32$ $1.32 \times 100 = 132$

APPLY AND EXPLORE

Various: Could include $0.4 \times 10 = 4$, $0.4 \times 100 = 40$, $4 \div 100 = 0.04$
 $4 \times 10 = 40$, $4 \times 100 = 400$ and $400 \div 10 = 40$, $400 \div 100 = 4$

APPLY AND EXPLORE

Converting money e.g. $10 \times \text{£}0.10 = \text{£}1$, Converting measures e.g. $10\text{mm} = 1\text{cm}$, $100\text{cm} = 1\text{m}$